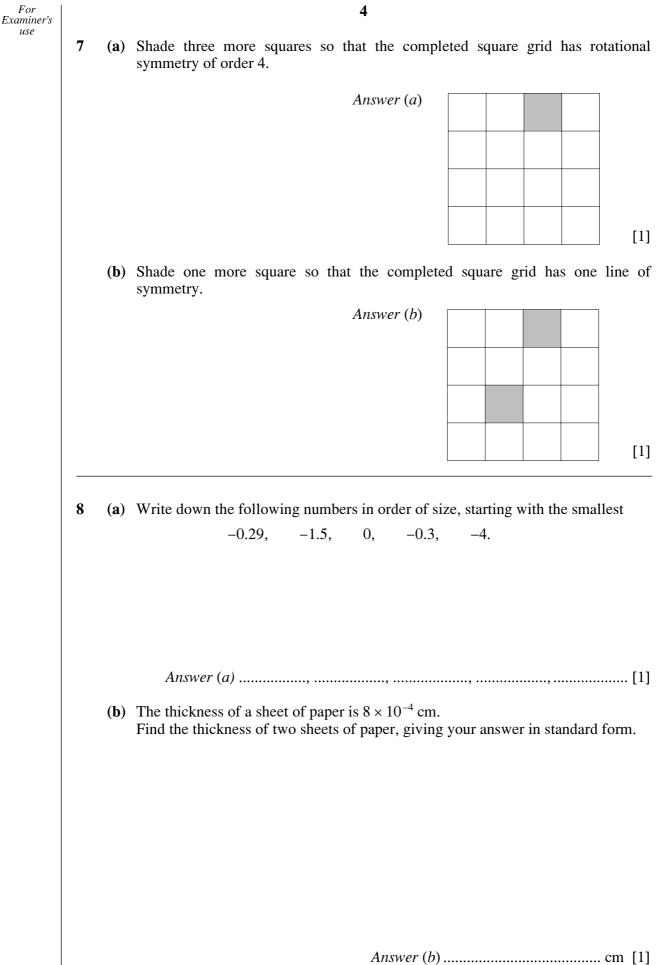
Centre Number	Candidate Number	Name				
		NATIONAL EXAMINATIO				
MATHEMATIC	MATHEMATICS (SYLLABUS D) 4024/01					
Paper 1		October	November 2003			
		October				
	er on the Question Pap Ils: Geometrical instrum		2 hours			
Write in dark blue or black	r, candidate number an pen in the spaces pro	d name on all the work you har vided on the Question Paper.	nd in.			
•	You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.					
Answer <b>all</b> questions.						
	ny question it must be s	he end of each question or part shown in the space below that o f marks.				
The total of the marks for this paper is 80.						
ELECTRONIC CALCULA	TORS MUST NOT BE	USED IN THIS PAPER.				
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If you have been given a l details. If any details are in missing, please fill in your in the space given at the t Stick your personal label h provided.	ncorrect or correct details op of this page.					
  This	s document consists of	15 printed pages and 1 blank p	bage.			

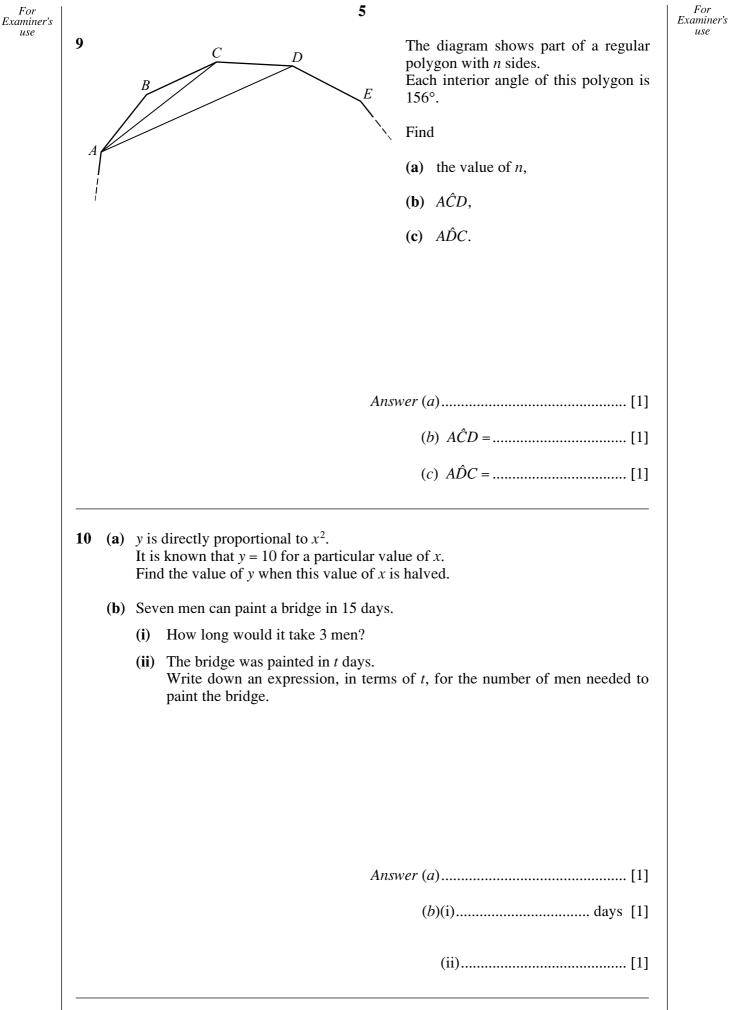
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5	2				Exe	
	ELECTRONIC CALCULATORS MUST NOT BE USED IN THIS PAPER.					
1	(a) Find the fraction which is exactly halfway between $\frac{1}{7}$ and $\frac{4}{7}$ .					
	(b) Subtract 370 grams from 3.7 kilograms. Give your answer in kilograms.					
				Answer (a)	[1]	]
				(b)	kg [1]	]
2	Expre	$88.7\frac{1}{2}\%$				-
	<b>(a)</b> as	a decimal,				
	<b>(b)</b> as	a fraction in its sir	nplest form.			
				Answer (a)	[1]	]
					[1]	
3	Evalu	ıte				
3		tte $2\frac{1}{3} - 9\frac{3}{5},$				
3	<b>(a)</b> 1					
3	<b>(a)</b> 1	$2\frac{1}{3}-9\frac{3}{5}$ ,				
3	<b>(a)</b> 1	$2\frac{1}{3}-9\frac{3}{5}$ ,				
3	<b>(a)</b> 1	$2\frac{1}{3}-9\frac{3}{5}$ ,				
3	<b>(a)</b> 1	$2\frac{1}{3}-9\frac{3}{5}$ ,			[1]	]

For aminer's			3	For Examiner's
use	4	(a)	Write down the square root of $6\frac{1}{4}$ .	use
		(b)	State which of the following numbers are irrational	
			$\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{8}, \qquad \frac{22}{7}, \qquad \pi, \qquad 2\sqrt{3}$ .	
			Answer (a)[1]	
			( <i>b</i> )[1]	
	5		e highest air temperature recorded is 58.8 °C. e lowest air temperature recorded is –89.2 °C.	
		(a)	What is the difference between these two temperatures?	
		(b)	The lowest air temperature recorded in Britain is 62 °C higher than –89.2 °C. Find the lowest air temperature recorded in Britain.	
			<i>Answer</i> ( <i>a</i> ) °C [1]	
			( <i>b</i> ) °C [1]	
	6	(a)	Find the lowest common multiple of 12, 30 and 66.	
		(b)	Three lightships flash simultaneously at 6 00 a.m. The first lightship flashes every 12 seconds, the second lightship every 30 seconds and the third lightship every 66 seconds. At what time will the three lightships next flash together?	
			Answer (a)[1]	
			<i>(b)</i> [1]	
			4024/01/O/N 2003 <b>[Turn over</b>	



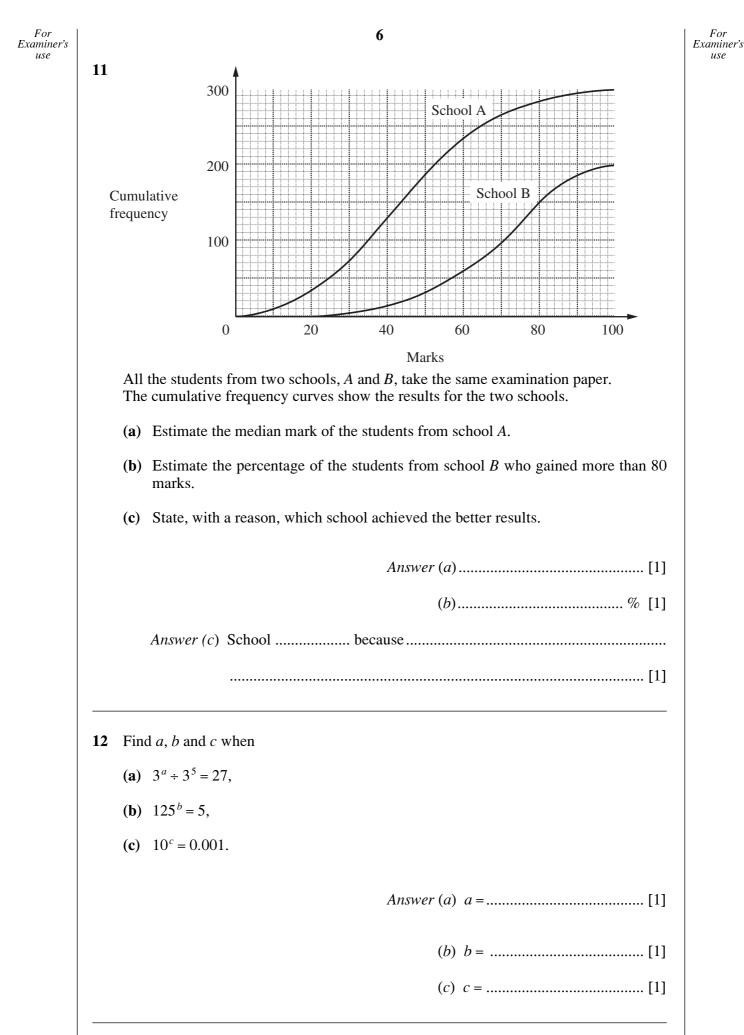
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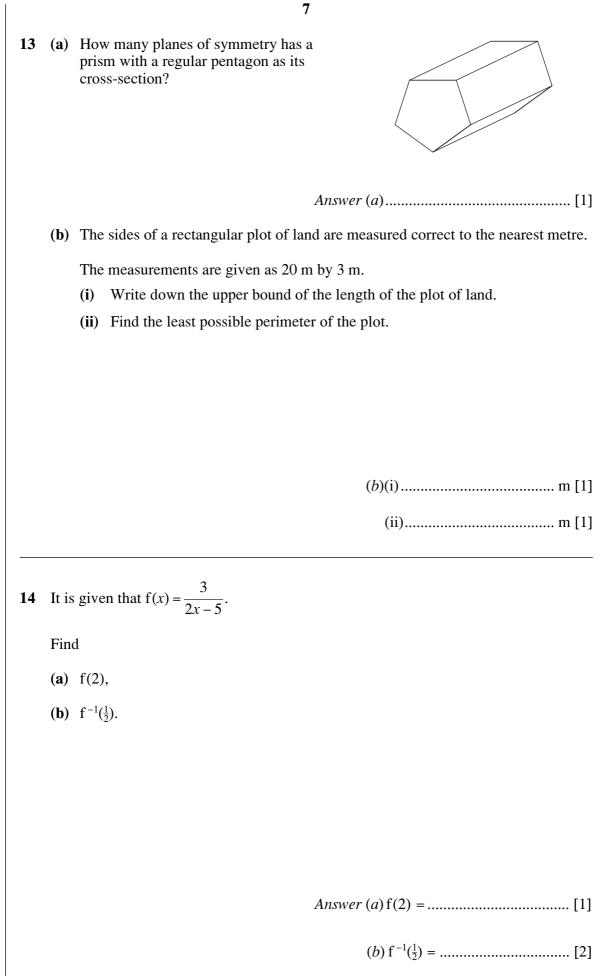


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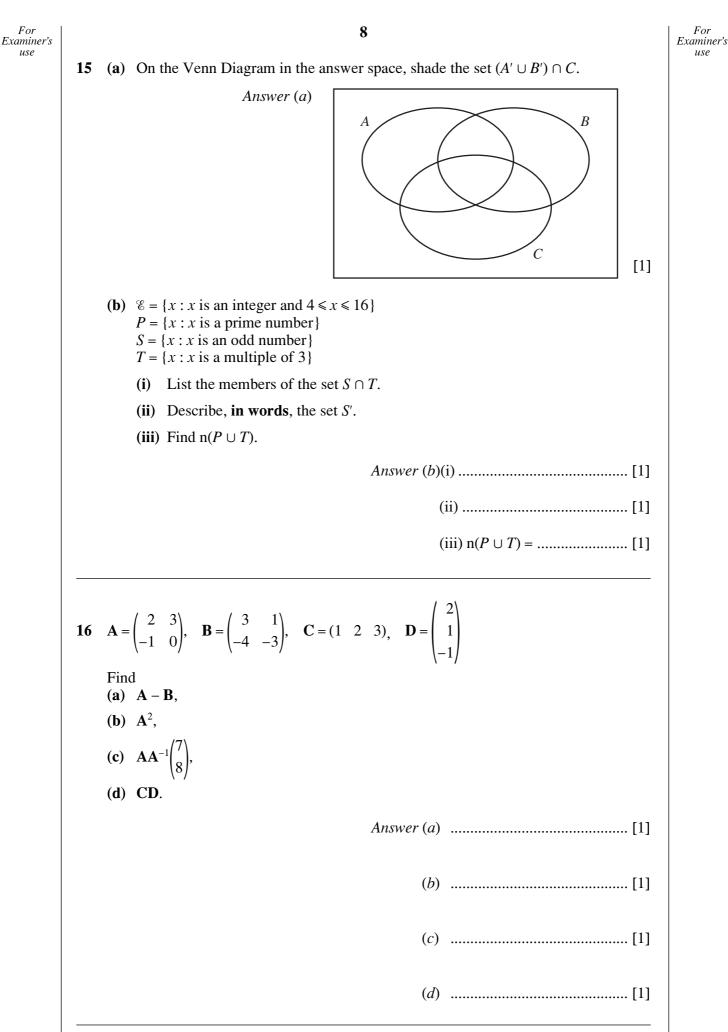
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17 The temperatures, at noon, on five days were

-2 °C, -1 °C, 1 °C, -2 °C, 5 °C.

- (a) Find the median temperature.
- (b) Calculate the mean temperature.
- (c) The temperature, at noon, on another day was  $x \,^{\circ}$ C. The mean temperature for the six days was 1.5 °C. Find the value of x.

Answer (a)	°C [1]
( <i>b</i> )	°C [1]
$(c) x = \dots$	[2]

**18** Look at this pattern

$$1^{2} - 0^{2} = 1$$
  

$$2^{2} - 1^{2} = 3$$
  

$$3^{2} - 2^{2} = 5$$
  

$$4^{2} - 3^{2} = 7$$
  

$$\vdots \qquad \vdots$$

(a) Write down

- (i) the 8th line of the pattern,
- (ii) the *n*th line of the pattern.
- (b) Use the pattern to find
  - (i)  $340^2 339^2$ ,
  - (ii) the integers x and y such that  $x^2 y^2 = 701$ .

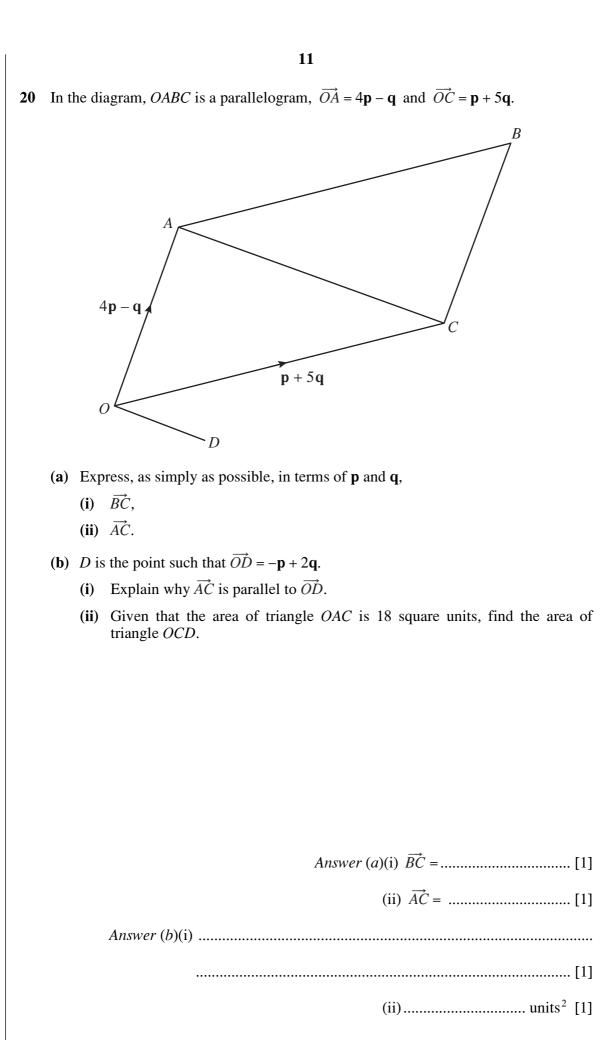
- *Answer* (*a*)(i) ......[1]
  - (ii) ......[1]
    - - (ii)  $x = \dots = [1]$

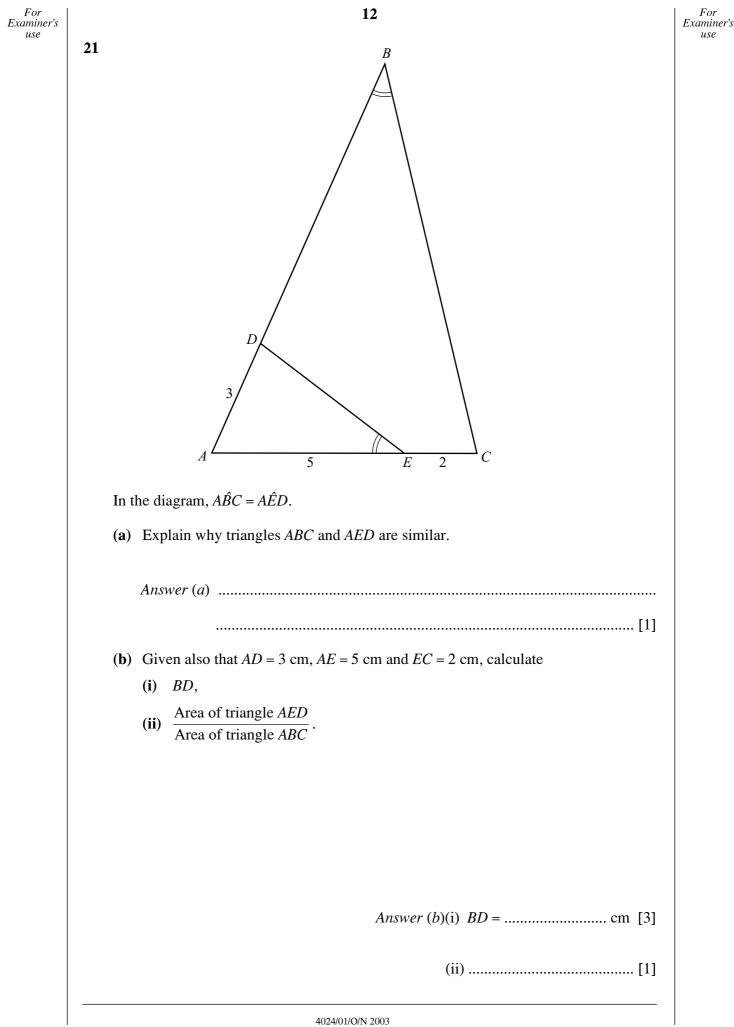
- **19** (a) (i) Factorise ax bx.
  - (ii) Hence evaluate  $1426 \times 0.6789 426 \times 0.6789$ .
  - (**b**) Solve the equation

$$3(x-5) - 2 = 7 - (1-x).$$

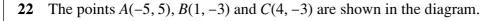
- *Answer* (*a*)(i) ......[1]
  - (ii) ...... [1]
  - (*b*)  $x = \dots [2]$

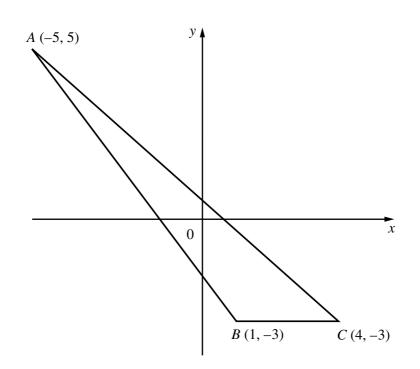
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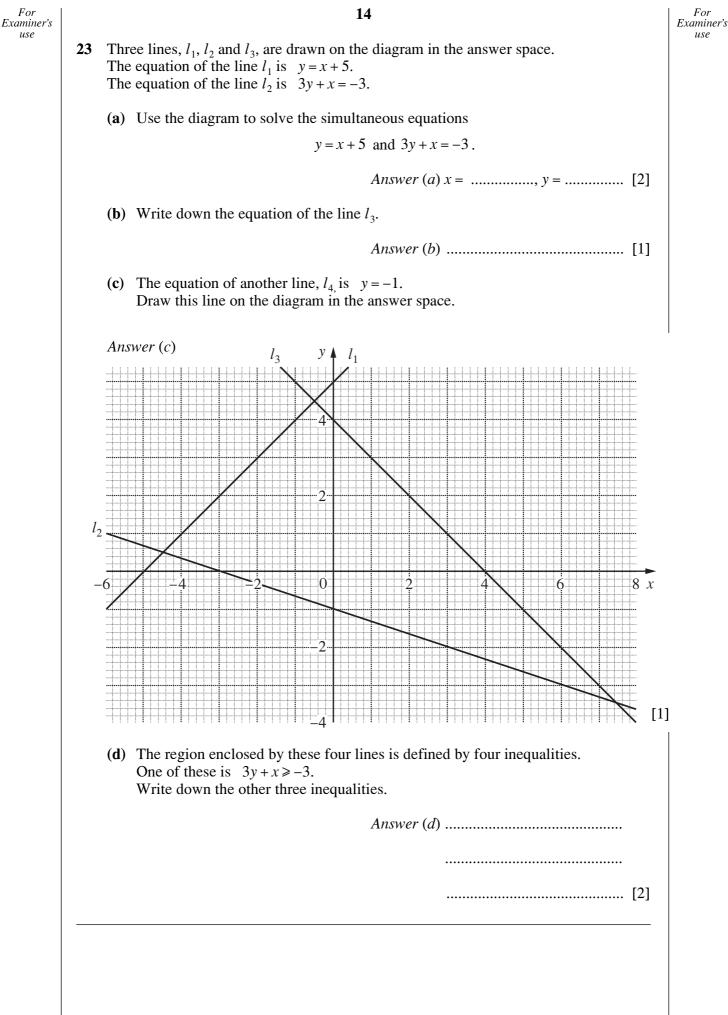


## Find

- (a) the coordinates of the midpoint of AC,
- (**b**) the gradient of the line *AB*,
- (c) the equation of the line which passes through (0, 3) and is parallel to AB,
- (d) the length of AB,
- (e) the value of cosine  $A\hat{B}C$ .

- Answer (a) (.....) [1]

  - (*c*) ......[1]
  - (*d*) ..... units [1]



**24** Triangle *ABC* is drawn below.

(a) Measure angle *ABC*.

В

- (b) The point *D* is below *AC* where *AD* is 12 cm and *CD* is 9 cm. Using ruler and compasses only, complete the construction of triangle *ADC* on the diagram in the answer space.
- (c) The region, *S*, lies within the quadrilateral *ABCD*. Points in *S* are
  - I nearer to C than A,
  - II more than 8 cm from *B*,
  - **III** nearer to *BA* than *BC*.

Use conditions **I**, **II** and **III** to construct appropriate loci. Hence shade the region *S*.

Answer (b) and (c)

C

A •

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